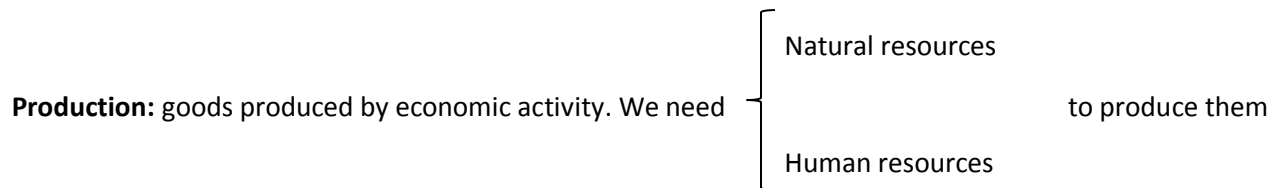
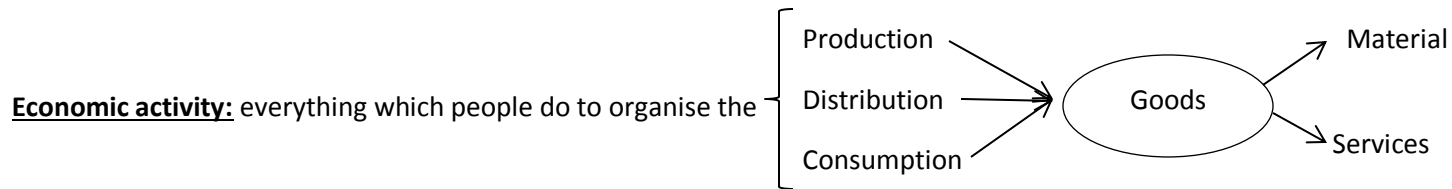
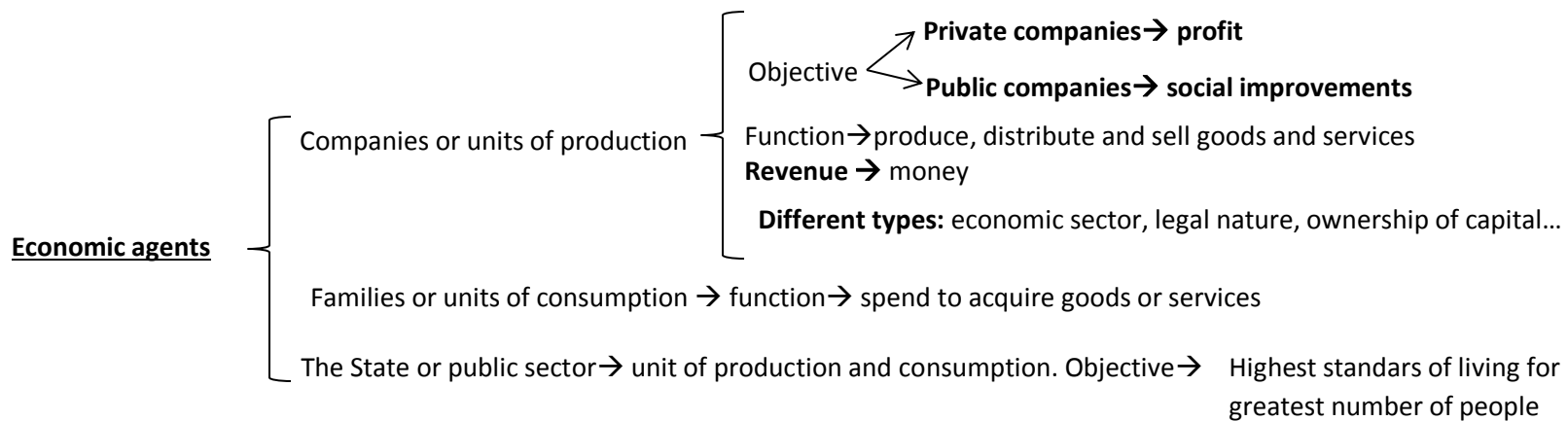
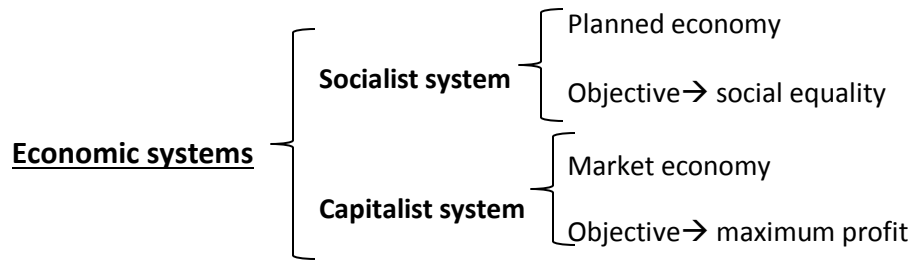


## UNIT 5. ECONOMIC ACTIVITY AND WORK

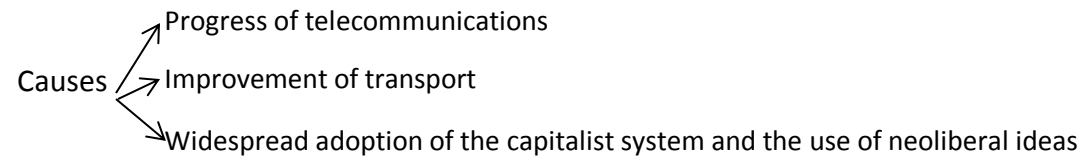


**Consumption** → acquisition or use of the goods produced to satisfy human needs

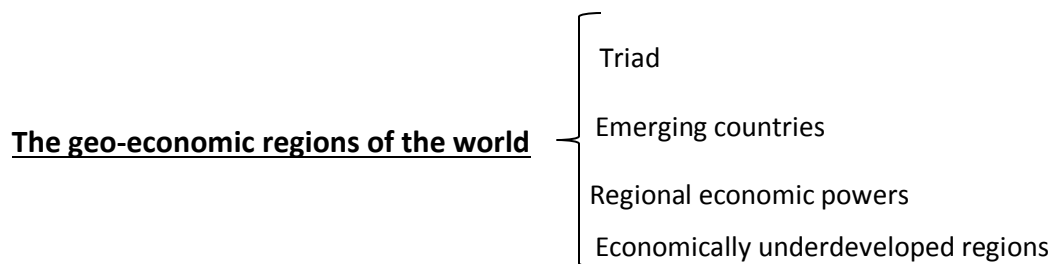




Globalisation → growing integration of national economies in a worldwide market economy

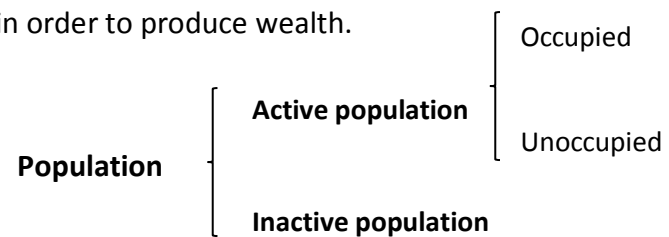


Many **international groups and institutions** promote the global economy, as well as **multinationals**. The globalization affects production, consumption and exchanges.



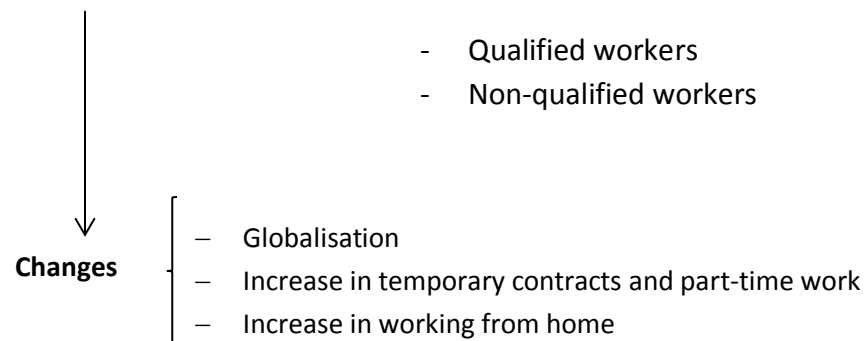
	<u>Triad</u>	<u>Emerging</u>	<u>Reg. ec.powers</u>	<u>Underdeveloped</u>
<u>Production</u>				
<u>Consumption</u>				
<u>Countries</u>				

**Work:** effort made by people in order to produce wealth.

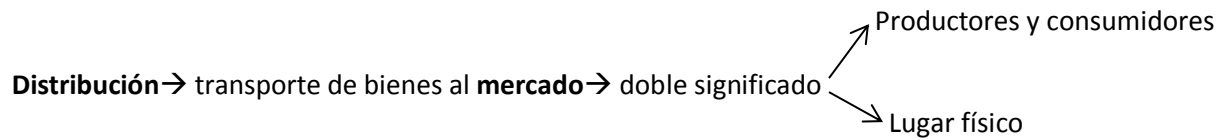
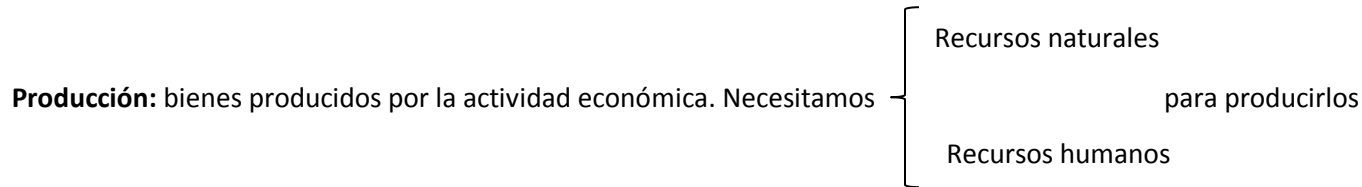
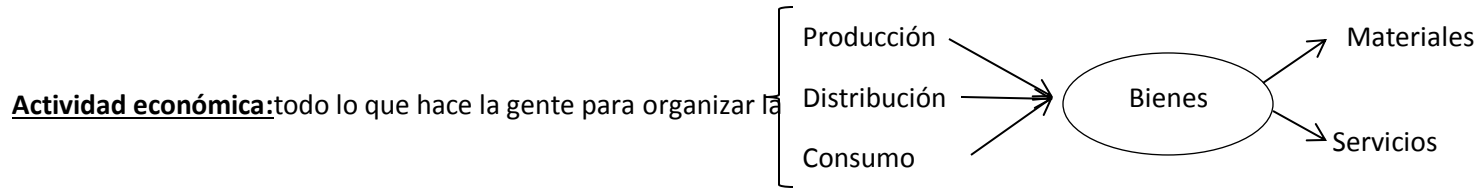


**Activity rate:** % of active population compared to the total number of people of working age

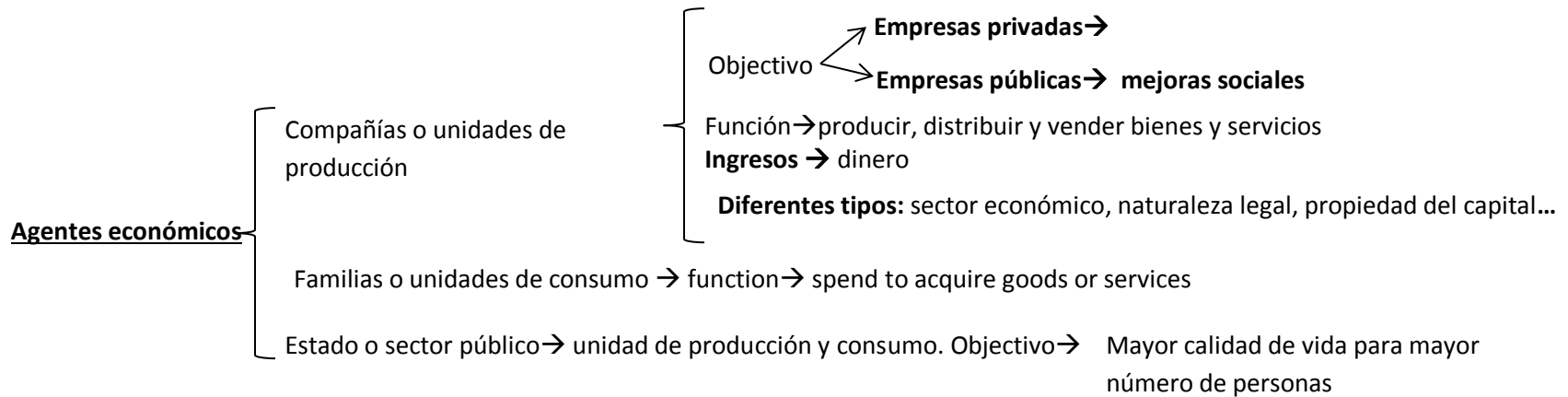
**Labour market:** supply of work offered by companies, and demand of work by people

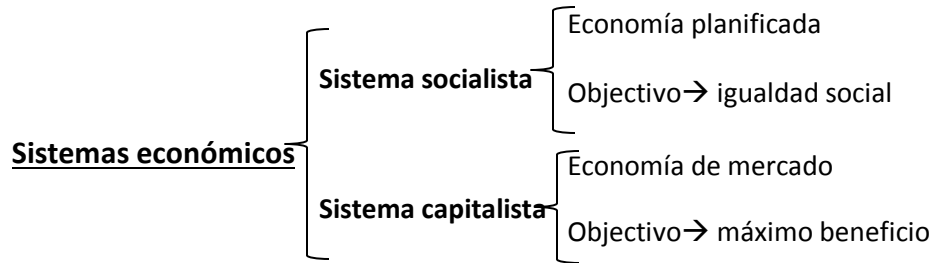


## UNIDAD 5. ACTIVIDAD ECONÓMICA Y TRABAJO

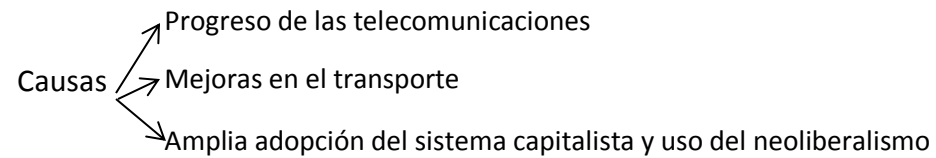


**Consumo** → adquisición o uso de bienes producidos para satisfacer las necesidades humanas



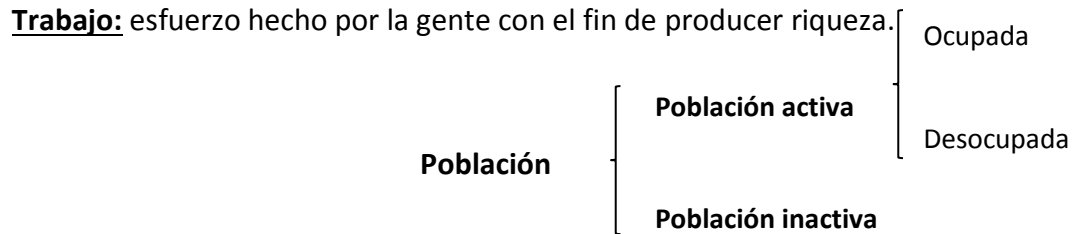


Globalización → creciente integración de las economías nacionales en un mercado mundial



Varios **grupos internacionales e instituciones** promueven una economía global, así como las **multinacionales**. La globalización afecta a la producción, consumo e intercambios.





**Tasa de actividad:** % de la población activa en relación al número total de personas en edad de trabajar

**Mercado laboral:** oferta de trabajo de las compañías, y demanda de trabajo por la gente.

